GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

सत्यमेव जयते

REPORT ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF THE JAILS

OF THE

MADRAS STATE

1952

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From

Sri S. A. Iyengar, I.C.S.,
Inspector-General of Prisons, Madras.

To

The Secretary to Government,
Home Department, Madras.

Sir,

[*Subject.*—Jails—Administration Report for 1952.]

Introductory.—I submit my report on the Administration of the Jails in the Madras State for the year 1952.

2. *Inspector-General of Prisons.*—I held charge of the department throughout the year.

3. *Classes of prisons.*—The number of Central Jails at the close of the year was 12 as against 13 in the last year. The reduction in the number is due to the closure of the Royapuram Camp Jail, Kaggallu, Bellary, from 30th November 1952, consequent on the completion of the excavation of canal connected with the Tungabhadra Project in the Bellary district. The number of District and Special Jails remained two, as in the previous year. The two Borstal Schools at Palayamkottai and Alipuram continued to function throughout the year.

The Subsidiary Jail at Bundar Fort, Krishna district, was closed with effect from 1st September 1952—*vide* G.O. Ms. No. 3103, Home, dated 25th August 1952. The number of the Subsidiary Jails at the close of the year was 289 as against 290 in the previous year.

Judicial Statistics.

4. *General summary.*—At the beginning of the year, there were 23,928 prisoners of all classes remaining in all the jails of the State. Three lakhs fifty-four thousand, six hundred and nineteen prisoners were admitted and 346,939 were discharged leaving 31,608 prisoners at the close of the year. The daily average of the prisoners decreased from 26,188·02 in the previous year to 25,429·06

during the current year. The slight decrease is due to some classes of prisoners having been released prematurely to relieve overcrowding in jails as per G.O. Ms. No. 3586, Home, dated 7th October 1952 and G.O. Ms. No. 3861, Home, dated 28th October 1952. In spite of the premature releases effected as ordered by Government, the jails in the State continued to be overcrowded.

5. *Statement I—Convicts.*—There were 17,418 males and 801 females at the beginning of the year. One lakh, twenty-three thousand, six hundred and ninety males and 7,024 females were received by direct committal against 102,852 males and 5,286 females respectively during the year 1951.

The largest number of direct committals was, as was the case in the previous year, from the Madras City, viz., 17,647. Salem comes next with 7,428, followed by Coimbatore 5,657, Chingleput 4,762, Madurai 4,636 and East Godavari 3,328.

Forty-eight thousand seven hundred and forty-nine were received by transfer. Of these, 7,894 were inter-transfers among jails, 65 from other States, 720 en-route to other jails and 40,070 en-route prisoners from subsidiary jails to jails and other subsidiary jails.

One lakh seventy-three thousand two hundred and ninety-two were discharged during the year. The details are—

Inter-jail transfers	61,185
On appeal	5,380
On expiry of sentence	82,459
Under remission rules	17,760
By order of Government	6,138
Released on licence	45
Transfer to Mental and Headquarters Hospitals.	203
Escaped and remained at large	10
Executed	27
Died	85
Total ..	173,292

The number of convicted prisoners remaining at the end of the year was 24,390. The daily average of this class of prisoners decreased from 17,585·35 to 17,558·58 during the year. The slight drop in the daily average population is due to the premature release of the prisoners ordered by Government, to relieve overcrowding in jails.

There were 133 prisoners suffering from leprosy in the Leprosy Annexes attached to Central Jails, Salem and Tiruchirappalli. One hundred and eighty-seven were admitted and 193 disposed of leaving 127 (i.e., 89 at Salem and 38 Tiruchirappalli) at the close of the year. The number of prisoners discharged cured is nil and the number died is also nil. The daily average number decreased from 125·99 to 110·28 in the year under report.

The number of prisoners convicted under the Prohibition Act increased from 28,098 in 1951 to 38,319 in 1952.

6. *Statement XVIII—Under-trial prisoners.*—The number of under-trial prisoners confined at the beginning of the year was 5,652. One lakh seventy-four thousand six hundred and seventy-two were admitted and 173,170 were disposed of due to all causes leaving 7,154 at the close of the year. The daily average strength of this class of prisoners decreased from 8,386·06 in 1951 to 7,811·99 in 1952.

Of the daily average, 6,122·49 relates to the subsidiary jails against 6,255·15 in the previous year. The daily average of such prisoners confined in the Central Jails and District Jails decreased from 2,130·91 in the previous year to 1,689·50 in the year under report.

Excluding those transferred and number confined at the close of the year (viz., 46,666 and 7,154) 126,504 were otherwise disposed of. Of this number, 94,610 or 74·78 per cent were released against 83,129 or 66·45 per cent and 31,823 or 25·15 per cent were convicted and sentenced against 41,915 or 33·51 per cent in the previous year respectively. There were 33 escapes and all of them occurred in subsidiary jails. The number of deaths during the year was 38 against 28 of the previous year. Of these, 19 deaths relate to the subsidiary jails which occurred in the hospitals.

The average period of detention in jails of prisoners whose cases were pending before the Sessions and Magistrate Courts decreased from 30·64 to 29·67 and 15·31 to 12·32 days respectively, during the year under report.

7. *Civil prisoners.*—There were 46 civil prisoners at the commencement of the year. Four hundred and sixty-six were admitted and 450 discharged during the year leaving 62 at the end of the year. The daily average was 51·60 as against 71·83 in the previous year. No civil prisoner died during the year.

8. *State and security prisoners.*—No State prisoner was admitted in the jails during the year.

Eleven prisoners ordered to be detained under the Preventive Detention Act, 1950, remained at the commencement of the year. Eighteen were admitted making a total of 29. Of this number, 27 were disposed of due to all causes and 2 remained at the end of the year. The daily average of this class of prisoners (Security Prisoners) decreased from 144·78 in the previous year to 1·89 during the year under report. No detenu died in the year. The steep fall in the daily average is due to the release of almost all the detenus during the year. Further, the number of admissions of this class of prisoners during the year was very low, viz., 18 as against 408 during the previous year.

9. *Statement II—Religion.*—Of the 130,714 imprisoned during the year, 79·11 per cent were Hindus and Sikhs, 8·38 per cent Muslims, 7·48 per cent Christians, ·01 per cent Buddhists and Jains, and 5·02 per cent other against 84·62, 8·28, 4·91, 0·01 and 2·18 per cent respectively during the last year.

10. *Age of convicts.*—Admissions during the year according to age as compared with those of the previous year are as follows:—

	1951.	1952.
16 to 18	3,440	4,990
19 to 21	10,314	13,647
22 to 30	39,610	51,405
31 to 40	32,173	34,372
41 to 60	20,321	23,818
Above 60	2,129	2,310

The number of admissions under 16 years of age increased from 151 to 172.

11. *Appendix to Statement II—Age of children, juveniles and adolescents.*—The number of juveniles between the ages of 14 and 15, increased from 81 to 119. Fifty-five juveniles under the age of 14 were admitted in the jails and subsidiary jails. The number of adolescents between 16 to 20 years and 21 to 23 years increased from 6,961 in 1951 to 8,615 in 1952 and 9,089 to 11,558 during the year under report, respectively.

12. *Education.*—The percentage of literate and illiterate admitted during the year was 18·12 and 81·88 against 19·78 and 80·22 respectively in the previous year.

13. *Previous occupation.*—The occupation percentage of male convicts admitted during the year compared with that of 1951 is given below:—

	1951.	1952.
A. Persons employed under Government or municipal or other local authorities.	0·81	0·91
B. Professional persons	7·17	5·31
C. Persons in service or performing personal offices.	2·31	3·33
D. Persons engaged in agriculture with animals.	34·79	29·76
E. Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	6·65	4·74
F. Persons employed in mechanical arts, manufactures and engineering operations, etc.	2·96	2·24
G. Miscellaneous persons not classified as otherwise.	45·31	53·71

Of the 7,024 females admitted during the year, 5,382 were married, 856 were unmarried and 786 were widows, as against 4,188, 846 and 427 respectively, in the previous year. The number of prostitutes admitted was 29 as against 25 in the previous year.

14. *Statement III—Nature and length of sentence.*—As compared with the previous year, the percentage of convicts sentenced to simple imprisonment increased from 23·61 to 24·14 and the percentage of those sentenced to rigorous imprisonment decreased from 76·26 to 75·86, in the year under report. Of the 31,548 prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment, 10,271 prisoners were sentenced to undergo imprisonment in default of payment of fine or failure to furnish security. No prisoner was sentenced to imprisonment with solitary confinement nor imprisonment with whipping. The number sentenced to death was 132 and to transportation for life 279 against 140 and 322 respectively in the previous year. During the year, no prisoner was sentenced to transportation for a term. The number sentenced to imprisonment not exceeding one month increased from 50,481 to 55,664 and the number of persons sentenced to between one and three months increased from 39,917 to 56,316. No prisoner was sentenced to imprisonment exceeding ten years, 2,680 were sentenced to periods from one to ten years and 15,643 to periods from three months to one year. The number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year was 24,390, their sentences being 66, sentenced to death, 1,365 to transportation for life, 2,005 to periods exceeding two years, 1,478 between one and two years and 19,476 under one year.

15. *Statement IV—Previously convicted prisoners.*—Of the 130,714 prisoners admitted during the year, 2,768 or 2·12 per cent of the direct committals were previously convicted against 6,475 or 5·99 per cent in the previous year. This number includes 362 convicts imprisoned for the first time, in default of furnishing security under section 110, Criminal Procedure Code, and classified as habituals. Of the remainder, 1,258 had one previous conviction, 808 had two previous convictions and 340 more than two previous convictions. All the 2,768 prisoners were classified as habituals by the convicting courts.

16. *Classification of star class.*—There were 236 star class prisoners at the commencement of the year. Fifty-two were classified as such during the year and 115 were discharged leaving 173 at the end of the year.

17. *Class I prisoners (A and B Class prisoners).*—Eighty-five Class I prisoners remained at the beginning of the year. The reclassification of the prisoners was ordered in G.O. Ms. No. 3217, Home, dated 4th September 1952, from Classes I and II to A, B and C Classes. Forty-seven prisoners including one A Class prisoner were received by direct committal, two by recommittal after release on bail, 16 by transfer from other jails in the State and thirty-three by reclassification from Class C to B making a total of 183. Of these, 36 were released under remission rules, and expiry of sentence, 32 by order of Government, 6 on appeal, 4 on bail, 15 transferred to other jails, and 2 to Headquarters Hospitals, leaving a balance of 88 at the close of the year.

18. *Youthful offenders.*—One hundred and seventy-four youthful offenders were admitted during the year under report as against 132 in the previous year. Fifty-five under the age of 14 years were admitted (i.e.) Subsidiary Jail, Hospet 21, Kamalapuram 1, Perintalmanna 1, Coondapur 1, Cuddalore 1, Kozhikode 7, Srikakulam 3, Tiruvannamalai 1, Villupuram 4, Vijayavada 13, Puttur 1 and Anakapalli 1.

19. *Borstal School.*—The number of borstal inmates remaining at the commencement of the year was 886. During the year, 302 were admitted and 420 discharged leaving 768 at the end of the year in the two Borstal schools at Palayamkottai and Alipuram, Bellary.

The modified Borstal sections in the five Central Jails at Rajahmundry, Vellore, Cannanore, Salem and Coimbatore continued to function during the year. The number of adolescents undergoing modified borstal treatment in the said five jails at the commencement of the year was 686. Four thousand one hundred and seventy-nine were admitted and three thousand nine hundred and ninety-eight were disposed of leaving 867 at the close of the year.

20. *Escapes and recaptures (convicts).*—Seventeen escapes occurred during the year as against 32 in the previous year, 12 from the Central jails, 3 from Borstal School, Palayamkottai, and 2 from the subsidiary jails. Of the 17 escapes, 6 were from inside the jail and eleven from extra-mural custody. The unexpired portion of sentence of the seventeen escapes was less than one year in 11 and above one year and under seven years 6.

The six escapes from inside were from the following institutions :—

Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli	3
Borstal School, Palayamkottai	2
Subsidiary Jail, Pulivendla	1
Total ..	6

The three escapes from the Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli, were from the out-quarantine of that jail on 9th April 1952. The convicts made good their escape by forcibly bending the iron bars, thereby widening the space between the bars which facilitated their escape. Two of the escapees were recaptured during the year and one was at large on 31st December 1952. The warder who was responsible for the escape was dismissed from service.

Two inmates of the Borstal School, Palayamkottai, effected their escape from the out-quarantine of that school, by scaling over the wall. One of the inmates was recaptured on the day of the escapes while the other was at large on 31st December 1952.

At the beginning of the year, one departmental enquiry against the warder who was responsible for the escape of two convicts in the Penitentiary, Madras, from inside the jail, on 28th November 1951, was pending. The warder was dismissed from service during 1952.

No special remarks are called for in respect of the escape from the Subsidiary Jail.

The undermentioned institutions accounted for the 11 extra-mural escapes :—

Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli	1
Central Jail, Visakhapatnam	2
Central Jail, Madurai	1
Central Jail, Cuddalore	1
Alipuram Jail, Bellary	1
Royapuram Camp Jail, Kaggallu	3
Borstal School, Palayamkottai	1
Sub-Jail, Kokkirakulam..	1
Total ..	11

The number of escapes from the extra-mural gangs during the year was 11 against 26 during the previous year.

The slackness on the part of the warders, in guarding prisoners employed extra-murally, was responsible for the escapes. The concerned warders were suitably dealt with departmentally.

Fourteen prisoners were recaptured during the year including seven who escaped during the previous year.

21. *Offences and punishments.*—During the year, 602 offences including 6 dealt with by courts were committed by convicts as against 667 during the previous year. Of the 596 offences dealt with by the Superintendents, 111 relate to work, 138 to prohibited articles, 44 to assaults, mutiny and escapes and 303 to all other breaches of jail rules against 154, 83, 34 and 384 respectively in the previous year. Minor punishments were inflicted in 252 cases and major punishments in 344 cases as compared with 293 and 262 respectively in 1951.

The 6 cases dealt with by criminal courts relate to escapes 3, assault upon public servant 1, offence under the Madras Prohibition Act 1, murder of a warder 1. The sentences imposed on these cases are as follows :—

Three months' imprisonment	1
Two months' imprisonment..	2
Six years' imprisonment	1
Six months' imprisonment	1
Sentenced to death	1

The percentage of punishment (including the 6 cases dealt with by the criminal courts) to the daily average population decreased from 3·79 in 1951 to 3·43 during the year under report.

On 7th March 1952, convict No. 3867 Nagappan of the Central Jail, Vellore, assaulted the Jail Assistant Surgeon for the alleged kicks said to have been given to the prisoner by the Doctor. The prisoner was convicted under section 326, I.P.C. and sentenced to 6 years' rigorous imprisonment by the Sessions Judge, Vellore, in S.C. No. 45/52.

On 27th September 1952 in the Central Jail, Visakhapatnam, convict No. 7179, Rama Gowndan murdered warder No. 29, B. Ramaswamy of that jail, by throwing a heavy stone on him when the latter was sleeping in one of the condemned cells, for the alleged grievance that the warder took an active part in putting down a scuffle amongst some convicts in the close prison on 6th March 1952. The convict was sentenced to death in S.C. No. 60/52 by the Sessions Judge, Visakhapatnam.

Excepting the above two, there were no other serious incidents or disturbances of any kind in the jails, during the year under report.

The conduct of the prisoners was satisfactory.

22. *Corporal punishments.*—No corporal punishment was awarded during the year. The following table furnishes full particulars :—

	1951.	1952.
1 Total number of male prisoners, i.e., those remaining at the end of the year plus direct committals	79,253	87,825
2 Total number of jail offences	530	471 *
3 Total number of prisoners punished by whipping—		
From 5 to 10 stripes	Nil.	Nil.
11 to 15 do.		
16 to 20 do.		
4 Percentage of items 3 to 1	Nil.	Nil.
5 Do. 3 to 2		
6 Total number of prisoners in whose cases (*a*) death or (*b*) illness has been directly or indirectly the effect of corporal punishment—		
(*a*) Death		
(*b*) Illness		

NOTE.—* Excludes offences dealt with by the criminal courts, offences committed by female prisoners, offences committed in subsidiary jails and offences punished by warnings only.

23. *Conduct of the habituals.*—The number of habituals at the beginning of the year was 1,727 as against 2,209 in previous year. The number received by direct committal was 2,556, by transfer from jails in the State 353 making a total of 4,636 against 6,022 in 1951. Habituals formed 5·01 per cent of the convict population of 92,469 against 7·27 per cent in 1951 and the percentage of punishments inflicted by the Superintendents for prison offences on habituals was 23·98 as against 29·06 in the previous year. No habitual prisoner was awarded corporal punishment during the year 1952. The conduct of the habituals was satisfactory.

24. *Education of convicts.*—(i) Educational facilities are provided in almost all the jails for convicted prisoners who are capable of being benefited by them. Education imparted in the jail schools does not go beyond the elementary stage and is not given to prisoners above the age of 30. Prisoners who desire education after the elementary stage are given necessary books and available assistance. The officers of the Education Department visit the schools regularly.

Education on model lines continued to be imparted by the teachers trained in the Adult Education in the Central Jails at Coimbatore, Vellore, Tiruchirappalli, Bellary, Cannanore, Rajahmundry and Penitentiary, Madras.

The number of convicts and borstal inmates on rolls at the commencement of the year was 2,083. One thousand seven hundred and eighty-six were admitted and 1,925 discharged leaving 1,944 at the end of the year. The table below indicates the standard of literacy obtained by those discharged during the year :—

	On admission.		On discharge.	
	Number.	Percentage.	Number.	Percentage.
Literates ..	423	21·98	793	41·19
Illiterates ..	1,502	78·02	1,132	58·81

The libraries attached to the schools in the several jails continued to serve the needs of the prisoners in promoting their education. All the libraries in the jails contain an adequate number of useful books for the benefit of prisoners, who are permitted to make a free use of the books. The number of books in the jail libraries at the beginning of the year was 17,326. Four hundred and twenty-one books were added to the libraries and 628 books were condemned. At the close of the year, 17,119 books remained in the libraries.

(ii) *Moral and religious lectures.*—Lectures on religious and moral subjects were regularly given by the honorary lecturers and by the members of the teaching staff to the prisoners confined in the jails. The number of lectures delivered to the prisoners was 1,555 (844 by Christians, 406 by Hindus and 305 by Muslims). The conveyance allowance paid to the Christian Lecturers was Rs. 319–2–0, for the Hindu Lecturers Rs. 477 and for the Muslim Lecturers was Rs. 343–2–0.

Training in Ambulance and First-Aid continued to be given during the year.

25. *Aid on discharge.*—Out of 65,681 prisoners discharged, 767 were helped in several ways and after-care officers were appointed for 822—vide statement below :—

—	Number of ex-prisoners assisted during		Number of ex-prisoners for whom after-care officers were appointed during	
	1951.	1952.	1951.	1952.
Central Society, Madras ..	226	239	3	4
District Societies—				
Rajahmundry	106	135	19	22
Vellore (North Arcot) ..	75	36	17	23
Tiruchirappalli	29	..	40	44
Coimbatore	14	23	87	121
Kozhikode (Malabar) ..	..	..	34	42
Salem	64	88	38	127
Cannanore	4	..	..	..
Bellary	145	2	7	10
Visakhapatnam	3	..	15	..
Srikakulam	..	1	..	17
Tanjore	..	..	24	31
Tirunelveli	2	..	40	49
Cuddalore (South Arcot) ..	..	..	13	12
Madurai	65	7	26	44
Ramanathapuram	259	230	26	28
Nellore	69	..	..	23
Mangalore (South Kanara) ..	..	6	11	20
Cuddapah	..	..	34	36
Chingleput	..	..	12	22
Chittoor	..	..	10	16
Anantapur	..	..	13	17
Godavari (West)	..	..	5	26
Guntur	..	..	8	16
Krishna	..	..	39	19
Kurnool	..	..	40	47
Nilgiris	..	..	6	6
Total ..	1,061	767	567	822

As usual the Central and District Committees continued to render every possible help to the discharged prisoners and inmates that sought the help of the societies. All the Honorary Secretaries evinced good interest in the work connected with the rehabilitation of the ex-prisoners and inmates with a view to make them healthy members of the society. I wish to place on

record the thanks of the department for the good work done in the field of after-care and trust that the same enthusiasm will be maintained in future also.

26. *Fetters.*—Link fetters as punishment for offences against jail discipline were imposed on 77 prisoners against 61 prisoners in the previous year.

27. *Working of remission system.*—The result of the working of the remission system is shown in Statement C appended to this report. It is working satisfactorily.

The number of prisoners released under the remission rules during the year was 17,760 against 19,650 in 1951. During the year, Government in their G.O. Ms. No. 3586, Home, dated 7th October 1952, ordered that all the prisoners confined in the jails in the State including the sub-jails, whose unexpired portion of sentence was one month or less on 15th October 1952 should be released unconditionally on 15th October 1952 to relieve overcrowding in jails. Accordingly 6,251 prisoners were released from all the jails and sub-jails in the State.

In their G.O. Ms. No. 3861, Home, dated 28th October 1952, Government communicated a copy of letter No. 40/37/52, Judicial, dated 24th October 1952, from the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi, to the Government of Madras, agreeing to the proposal of the Madras Government to release from jails in the State of Madras, all such prisoners who were convicted of offences against the laws relating to the matters in the Union list under the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution, and the unexpired portions of whose sentences of imprisonment in each case, did not exceed one month on 1st November 1952. Under this scheme, 153 prisoners were released from all the jails in this State, including the subsidiary jails. Two thousand two hundred and ninety-two prisoners were awarded good conduct remission against 2,901 in the previous year. Special remission under clauses 1, 2 and 3 of rule 324, Volume II, Madras Prison and Reformatory Manual, was awarded to 3,565 prisoners against 3,458 in 1951. No prisoner was given money in lieu of remission for extra work done. The maximum remission earned was 3,445 days by a convict in the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, and the maximum gratuity of Rs. 34–3–0 was earned by a convict in the same jail. Among the prisoners released during the year, 1,129 earned a sum of Rs. 1,479–3–0 as gratuity. In lieu of a part of this amount, viz., Rs. 858–4–0, the prisoners were granted a remission of 6,867 days.

28. *Advisory Board.*—Seventy-two meetings of the Advisory Board were held in jails during the year. The cases of 1,293 prisoners came under the consideration of the Board and 410 of them were recommended for premature release. The cases of 627 prisoners (including lifers and members of Criminal Tribes not recommended by the Board) were submitted to Government for orders. The remaining 666 cases were not submitted as they are not required to be sent.

Of the 84 cases pending disposal at the beginning of the year, the Government ordered the release of 37 prisoners and the cases of the remaining 47 prisoners were declined by the Government.

Of the 627 cases submitted to Government during the year, the release of 327 prisoners was ordered and the cases of 238 prisoners were declined. Orders of Government were pending in respect of 62 prisoners at the close of the year.

29. *Total expenditure.*—The total expenditure of the department, excluding the outlay on jail buildings by the Public Works Department, the expenditure relating to Certified Schools and the charges in England, was Rs. 1,22,99,414–13–11 against Rs. 1,17,41,009–9–0 during the previous year. The increase in expenditure, viz., Rs. 5,58,405–4–11 is mainly seen under "other manufactures" and is due to the purchase of khadi at a higher cost for stitching the requirements of the Medical and Stationery departments.

From the total expenditure of Rs. 1,22,99,414–13–11 a sum of Rs. 32,33,105–6–7 as per details furnished below * has been deducted and a sum of Rs. 3,241–3–2 being the value of stationery articles supplied to the jails by the Stationery department has been included as expenditure under "Contingencies". The total amount of expenditure exhibited in Statement No. IX—Financial is therefore Rs. 90,69,550–10–6 or Rs. 90,69,551 roundly against Rs. 92,09,478 during the previous year.

	Amount of expenditure during the year 1952. RS.	A.	P.
* 1 Charges on general supervision	1,38,364	1	9
2 Charges on petty construction and repairs including works costing more than Rs. 5,000	1,19,286	1	10
3 Charges on jail manufactures including quinine	26,83,709	3	1
4 Sale-proceeds of vegetables, dairy produce, condemned articles of civil stores and recoveries of overpayments	63,148	2	7
5 Charges payable to other Governments on account of Madras prisoners confined elsewhere	2,320	0	4
6 Difference between the value of ration articles at the beginning of the year and at the closing of the year	— 849	4	10
7 Administration of the Probation of Offenders Act	2,27,127	1	10
Total ..	32,33,105	6	7

Paragraphs 30 *to* 39.—Omitted.

Statement of Expenditure for the Jail Department, 1952.

Class of expenditure.	1951. Amount.	1951. Cost per head.			1952. Amount.	1952. Cost per head.		
	RS.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	RS.	A.	P.
1 Establishment charges	18,00,777	68	12	3	18,55,087	72	15	6
2 Dietary charges ..	57,84,854	221	8	1	55,40,610	218	5	11
3 Hospital charges ..	4,02,123	15	5	8	4,10,863	16	2	7
4 Clothing and bedding.	3,09,084	11	13	4	2,97,326	11	11	1
5 Sanitation charges ..	1,72,950	6	9	8	1,89,307	7	7	2
6 Transport of prisoners.	1,98,838	7	9	6	2,33,062	9	2	8
7 Miscellaneous services and supplies.	2,71,049	10	5	7	2,74,268	10	12	7
8 Travelling allowance ..	32,395	1	3	10	27,691	1	1	8
9 Contingencies	1,80,018	6	14	0	1,74,504	6	13	10
10 Livestock, tools and plant ..	57,390	2	3	1	66,831	2	10	1
Total ..	92,09,478	351	10	8	90,69,551	356	11	8

40. *Jail dairies.*—The dairies at the Central Jails at Tiruchirappalli, Coimbatore and Salem continued to work satisfactorily during the year. With a view to run the dairy at the Central Jail, Vellore, in a profitable manner, 38 animals (10 cows, 27 calves and 1 buffalo) were disposed of by public auction during the year and this resulted in a profit of Rs. 394 for the second half-year 1952 against a loss of Rs. 3,356 in the first half-year 1952. The dairy at the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, showed a loss of Rs. 1,808 during the year on account of the decrease in the number of milch cows. Sixteen animals which were considered to be uneconomical for the profitable working of the dairy, were disposed of by public auction during January 1953 and it is hoped that the dairy in this jail will show an appreciable amount of profit during the next year. The dairy at the Central Jail, Cannanore, returned a loss of Rs. 2,201 during the year against a loss of Rs. 4,860 during the previous year. Even this loss could have been avoided, if the monsoon had not failed during the year. It is, however, hoped that the dairy in this jail will begin to function profitably during next year when many of the heifers transferred to this jail are likely to be calved.

The total value of milk produced in the jail dairies during the year amounted to Rs. 1,19,715–8–2 against Rs. 1,34,163–10–7 during the previous year. The amount realized by sale of bulls, bull-calves, unserviceable aged cows and crossing fees was Rs. 5,618 against Rs. 5,933 during the previous year.

41. *Statement G.*—**Omitted.**

42. *Grand total.*—The grand total of expenditure as exhibited in column (14) of Statement No. IX decreased from Rs. 92,09,478 to Rs. 90,69,551 during the year. The fall in the total expenditure is due to the decrease in the daily average population of prisoners. The average cost per head per annum has increased from Rs. 351–10–8 to Rs. 356–11–8 during the year. The rise in the cost per head is due to the increased expenditure under "Establishment Charges", "Medical and Sanitary" and "Transport of Prisoners."

43. *Statement XI—Employment of convicts.*—The average number of convicts under sentence of labour on working days during the year was 14,997·57 against 16,787·56 in the previous year. The average number of convicts not sentenced to labour was 389·30 against 458·95 in 1951. During the year, the average number of sick increased from 199·66 in 1951 to 206·83. The average number of convalescent and infirm however has decreased from 863·77 to 843·65. The average number of convicts employed on manufactures was 5,863·00, in gardening 1,151·45, preparation of articles for use of consumption in jails 974·48, as prison officers 899·80, and as prison servants 1,274·85 against 5,885·80, 1,611·25, 1,362·01, 891·90 and 1,274·61, respectively, in the previous year.

44. *Statement XII-A.*—The total receipts of the department excluding those under "Quinine Manufactures" amounted to Rs. 26,57,618–11–7 against the departmental figure of Rs. 32,26,167–9–2. The difference, viz., Rs. 5,68,548–13–7 is due to the non-adjustment of the cost of supplies made to the public consuming departments during October, November and December 1952 by the Accountant-General, Madras. However, as these adjustments are effected in the accounts for February and March 1953 the total receipts of the department for the year are taken as Rs. 32,26,167–9–2.

Out of the total receipts referred to above, a sum of Rs. 3,07,718–12–9 as per details furnished below * has been deducted and the balance of Rs. 29,18,448–12–5 or Rs. 29,18,448–12–0 roundly has been exhibited under column (5-g) of Statement No. XII-A :—

	RS.	A.	P.
1 Hire of convicts	2,05,321	14	3
2 Recoveries of transportation and jail charges on account of prisoners belonging to other States and confined in the jails of this State	14,458	0	7
3 Miscellaneous jail receipts	70,628	7	3
4 Recoveries of overpayments	4,138	2	3
5 Collection of payments for services rendered.	8,203	1	6
6 Rents on jail buildings	405	14	0
7 *Deduct*—Refunds .. .. (–)	1,035	6	0
8 Manufactory receipts of special sub-jails ..	5,598	10	11
Total ..	3,07,718	12	9

The amount paid into the treasury shown in column (5-g) of Statement No. XII-A and the cost of extramural labour supplied to Government departments as well as public bodies and private individuals aggregate to Rs. 29,80,451–3–0 and this represents the cash earnings during the year against Rs. 24,35,476–12–0 during the previous year. The Central Jail, Coimbatore, shows the largest cash earnings, viz., Rs. 14,96,393–9–1 against Rs. 11,32,187–6–9 in the previous year. Next comes the Central Jail, Vellore, with a cash earning of Rs. 5,19,588–10–9 against Rs. 4,05,070–14–4 in the previous year. Among the other jails, the Central Jail, Cannanore, the Penitentiary, Madras, the Central Jails, Tiruchirappalli and Salem, have done well with a cash earning of Rs. 2,11,939–1–9, Rs. 2,08,007–1–5, Rs. 1,15,870–10–0 and Rs. 98,024–6–6 against Rs. 1,90,662–13–6, Rs. 1,60,452–9–3, Rs. 1,05,671–2–0 and Rs. 1,05,025–15–7, respectively, during the previous year.

The value of supplies made to some of the public consuming departments is summarized below :—

Departments.	1949.	1950.	1951.	1952.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Police department ..	7,32,416	6,06,302	8,83,093	9,50,222
Forest department ..	40,809	40,418	35,291	34,543
Stationery department.	1,80,956	1,35,643	1,25,342	77,025
Medical department.	7,30,276	4,87,582	8,19,913	11,05,552
Postal and Defence departments.	19,424	3,697	..	..
Total ..	17,03,881	12,73,642	18,63,639	21,67,342

In addition to the above, inter-jail supplies to the value of Rs. 6,30,224–3–6 have been made during the year against Rs. 4,90,645–9–10 in the previous year.

The total profit for the year, taking into account the opening and closing balance of cash, stock, tools and plant, etc., amounted to Rs. 7,90,586–11–0 against Rs. 9,28,024–11–0 in the previous year.

The Central Jail, Coimbatore, shows an asset of Rs. 2,39,998–3–0 against Rs. 4,44,253–12–6 in the previous year. Next comes the Central Jail, Vellore, with an asset of Rs. 1,43,801–3–10 against Rs. 90,821–15–9 in the previous year. Among the other jails, the Penitentiary, Madras, Central Jails, Cannanore, Tiruchirappalli and Bellary, have done well with an asset of Rs. 89,358–6–9, Rs. 87,591–12–8, Rs. 42,879–7–6 and Rs. 41,497–14–2 against Rs. 1,06,998–13–0, Rs. 78,171–6–5, Rs. 49,984–1–10 and Rs. 15,799–0–6, respectively, in the previous year.

The cost of distribution of quinine products to various institutions during the year amounted to Rs. 42,258–1–3 against Rs. 46,048–4–0 in the previous year. The profit in the quinine section at 20 per cent on the cost of distribution comes to Rs. 8,451–9–10 against Rs. 9,209–10–0 during the previous year.

45. *Statement XII-B.*—The total value of articles manufactured in jails during the year under report amounted to Rs. 31,53,813–8–2 against Rs. 27,80,898–5–4 in the previous year. The percentage of convicts employed on manufacture during the year was 42·26 against 39·63 in the previous year.

46. *Statement XIII.*—The total cost of maintenance as per column (14) of Financial Statement No. IX is Rs. 90,69,551 and the total "net profits" as exhibited in column (6-a) of Statement XII-A is Rs. 7,90,586–11–0. The net cost for maintaining prisoners during the year under report works out to Rs. 82,78,964–5–0 against Rs. 82,81,453–5–0 in the previous year. The net cost per head works out to Rs. 325–10–0 per annum against Rs. 316–4–0 in the previous year. The reasons for the increase in the cost per head are explained in paragraph 42 above.

47. *Value of supplies made by jails for departmental use.*—The value of inter-jail supplies amounted to Rs. 6,30,224–3–6 against Rs. 4,90,645–9–10 in the previous year. The total quantity of vegetables produced by jails during the year amounted to 2,560,771 lb. against 2,713,854 lb. in the previous year despite the failure of the monsoon. The cost of vegetables produced in the jail works out to Rs. 3,14,778–15–7 at market rates against Rs. 3,17,124–5–6 in the previous year. All the waste water is being used for gardening purposes. A sum of Rs. 1,645–9–0 was realized during the year on account of convict labour supplied to the Quinine Section of the Central Jail, Coimbatore, against Rs. 1,266–6–0 in the previous year. The value of convict labour supplied to the Government Press, Madras, amounted to Rs. 59,073–12–0 against Rs. 59,024–6–0 in the previous year. A sum of Rs. 35–14–0 was realized during the year by way of convict labour supplied to the Public Works Department against Rs. 176–12–0 in the previous

year. A net credit of Rs. 1,49,833 was also realised during the year on account of the convict labour employed on canal work in the Tungabhadra Project.

48. *Statement XIV—Vital statistics—Sickness and mortality.*—The following statement gives particulars of the sick and mortality rates for the year 1951 and the four preceding years :—

Year.	Daily average number of prisoners.	Daily average number sick.	Rate per mille of average sick.	Death: From cholera.	Death: From all other causes.	Death-rate: From cholera.	Death-rate: From all other causes.
1948 ..	25,872·60	301·98	11·67	..	366	..	14·15
1949 ..	26,661·12	311·78	11·69	..	257	..	9·64
1950 ..	25,514·94	265·92	10·42	..	216	..	8·47
1951 ..	26,188·02	307·28	11·73	..	232	..	8·86
1952 ..	25,424·06	268·84	10·57	2	168	0·09	6·61

The total number of admission to hospital decreased from 12,798 in 1951 to 9,120 during the year under the report. The daily average sick and the number of deaths also decreased from 307·28 to 268·84 and 232 to 168, respectively in 1952. The ratio per mille of average strength of admissions to hospitals and the death-rate per mille were 358·71 and 6·61 against 488·69 and 8·86 in the previous year. The vital statistics exhibit considerable improvement over 1951.

There were 127 deaths among convicts and 41 among undertrials against 199 and 33, respectively in the previous year. There were no deaths among civil debtors or security prisoners.

Subsidiary jails recorded 21 deaths as against 12 in the year 1951. Among the 21 two were convicts and the rest undertrials. The remaining 147 deaths that occurred during the year relate to the Central, District and Special Jails. Four deaths which occurred in the Government Wellesley Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Bellary, were debited to the jails from which they were released under rule 515-B, Volume II, Madras Prison and Reformatory Manual, for treatment. The number of deaths in the civil hospitals was 49. Of this number, nine relate to the Central Jail, Visakhapatnam, eight to Alipuram Jail, Bellary, seven to the Central Jail, Vellore, three each to the Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli, the Penitentiary, Madras and the Central Jail, Salem, two to the Central Jail, Coimbatore and Central Jail, Bellary (one each), and one each to the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, Central Jail, Madurai and District Jail, Pudukkottai. The remaining nine deaths relate to the subsidiary jails. Three prisoners from the Central Jail, Vellore, were released on medical grounds under Rule 514–A (1) of the Madras Prison and Reformatory Manual, Volume II and their releases were counted as deaths for the purpose of statistical returns. One prisoner who was sentenced to imprisonment in default of furnishing security, under section 123, Criminal Procedure Code, was released on medical grounds in the Central Jail, Vellore, under the orders of the Additional District Magistrate (Independent), Vellore. Two deaths occurred outside the hospital.

49. *Death-rate in several classes of jails.*—The following statement shows the death-rate per mille in the several classes of jails as compared with that of the previous year:—

Classes of jails.	Deaths. 1951.	Deaths. 1952.	Death-rate. 1951.	Death-rate. 1952.
Central Jails ..	206	143	12·32	8·94
District and Special Jails	14	4	8·80	2·80
Subsidiary Jails ..	12	21	1·52	2·62

50. The following statement shows the number of admissions into hospitals, number of deaths and death-rate per mille in the several jails as compared with that of the previous year :—

Jails.	Admissions to hospitals. 1951.	Admissions to hospitals. 1952.	Number of deaths. 1951.	Number of deaths. 1952.	Death-rate per mille. 1951.	Death-rate per mille. 1952.
Central Jail, Rajahmundry.	584	550	10	7	6·83	5·06
Do. Vellore ..	626	335	25	19	11·21	9·40
Do. Tiruchirappalli.	1,325	1,169	25	21	11·65	11·16
Do. Coimbatore ..	914	819	34	14	16·06	6·14
The Penitentiary, Madras.	1,746	1,338	16	8	8·01	5·21
Central Jail, Cannanore ..	97	76	5	6	4·97	6·18
Do. Salem ..	236	231	13	7	10·32	5·97
Do. Bellary ..	623	356	7	5	8·29	6·03
Do. Visakhapatnam.	75	153	4	9	8·32	17·36
Do. Madurai ..	1,690	639	13	21	11·59	15·25
Alipuram Jail, Bellary ..	233	135	16	23	39·55	36·21
Royapuram Camp Jail, Kaggallu.	1,412	752	33	1	35·20	1·21
Central Jail, Cuddalore ..	221	288	..	2	..	3·41
Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.	72	66	12	..	28·14	..
Borstal School, Palayamkottai.	152	197	1	..	1·20	..
Borstal School, Alipuram, Bellary.	26	30	..	1	..	7·43
District Jail, Pudukkottai.	207	94	1	3	4·34	16·96
Total ..	10,239	7,228	220	147	12·02	8·44

The number of admissions to hospitals in the jails excluding the subsidiary jails decreased from 10,239 in 1951 to 7,228 during the year under report. The Penitentiary, Madras, shows the largest number of admissions while the Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli, comes next.

The daily average number sick decreased from 281·77 in the previous year to 252·83 during the year. The number of deaths and the death rate per mille of average strength have also decreased from 220 to 147 and 12·02 to 8·44 respectively during the year under report. The 147 deaths during the year were due to malarial fever 4, pneumonia 5, general respiratory diseases 13, dysentery 2, and 123 to all other causes. Every possible care and attention in regard to nursing, treatment, diet, and other remedial measures were bestowed upon the patients.

51. *Subsidiary jails.*—The number of admissions to hospitals and the daily average sick decreased from 2,559 to 1,892 and 25·51 to 16·01 respectively. The death rate shows an increase when compared with the previous year, i.e., 1·52 to 2·62. There were twenty-one deaths during the year of which nineteen relate to undertrials and the rest to convicts. Coimbatore district recorded five deaths, Tanjore four, South Arcot, North Arcot and Chingleput recorded two deaths each and Ramanathapuram, Anantapur, Tirunelveli, Kurnool, Salem and East Godavari districts, one each.

52. *Health of prisoners repatriated from Andamans.*—The Andaman Colonization Scheme has been abolished.

53. *Statement XV—Classes of diseases.*—The following statement shows the rate of admissions to hospital and the death rate per mille of average strength against the chief diseases for the year 1952 and the three preceding years in the Central, District and Special Jails :—

Diseases.	Rate per mille of average strength. 1949. Admission.	1949. Death.	1950. Admission.	1950. Death.
Cholera	..	..	..	..
Dysentery	20·23	0·40	22·70	1·37
Malarial fevers	89·74	1·10	42·59	0·27
Pulmonary tuberculosis and hæmoptysis due to tuberculosis.	4·67	0·75	5·01	1·03
Other tubercular diseases	1·04	0·29	0·62	1·21
Anæmia and debility	17·87	1·79	14·81	1·03
Other general diseases	187·02	6·69	201·24	4·53
Pneumonia	6·80	0·86	7·41	1·30
Other respiratory diseases	15·16	0·52	17·08	0·48
Diarrhœa	31·53	0·75	17·90	0·62
Abscess, boils and ulcers of all kinds.	8·70	..	21·12	0·07
All other causes	9·80	0·35	14·61	1·58
Total ..	392·55	13·49	364·09	12·48

Diseases.	Rates per mille of average strength. 1951. Admission.	Death.	1952. Admission.	Death.
Cholera	..	..	0·19	0·12
Dysentery	37·47	0·19	25·72	0·12
Malarial fevers	42·61	0·19	25·91	0·26
Pulmonary tuberculosis and hæmoptysis due to tuberculosis.	6·08	1·57	5·67	0·83
Other tubercular diseases	1·19	..	1·08	..
Anæmia and debility	19·99	0·63	17·42	0·64
Other general diseases	303·58	7·39	253·06	4·97
Pneumonia	8·33	0·44	8·69	0·26
Other respiratory diseases	24·06	0·44	19·53	0·57
Diarrhœa	45·11	1·50	25·02	0·26
Abscess, boils and ulcers of all kinds.	21·93	..	15·76	..
All other causes	15·04	0·06	397·94	8·04
Total	525·39	12·41	795·99	16·07

CHIEF DISEASES.

54. *Cholera.*—There were 3 admissions and two deaths during the year in the Central Jail, Vellore, against no admissions and deaths in the year 1951.

Dysentery.—There were 401 admissions, and two deaths against 598 and 3 in the previous year. Of these admissions, 91 were in the Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli, 75 in the Central Jail, Coimbatore, 70 in the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, 66 in the Royapuram Camp Jail, Kaggallu, 25 in the Central Jail, Cuddalore, 23 in the Central Jail, Bellary, 14 in the Penitentiary, Madras, 12 in the Central Jail, Salem, 11 in the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, 8 in the Central Jail, Vellore, 3 in the District Jail, Pudukkottai, and one each in the Central Jail, Visakhapatnam, Central Jail, Madurai and Borstal School, Alipuram, Bellary. Of the two deaths occurred during the year, one relates to the Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli and the other to the Central Jail, Coimbatore.

Malarial fevers.—The number of admissions under this disease decreased from 680 to 406 during the year under report, while the number of deaths increased from 3 in the last year to 4 in the year 1952. The Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli, recorded the largest admissions (viz., 89). Admissions in other jails were Royapuram Camp Jail, Kaggallu, 76, Central Jail, Coimbatore, 69, the Penitentiary, Madras, 35, Central Jail, Bellary, 29, Alipuram Jail, Bellary, 23, the Central Jail, Vellore, 22, the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, 17, the Central Jail, Visakhapatnam, 14, the Central Jail, Cuddalore, 10, the Borstal School, Alipuram, Bellary, 7, the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore, 6, the Central Jail, Salem and Central Jail, Madurai, 3 each. District Jail, Pudukkottai, 3 and the Central Jail, Cannanore, 1.

Tuberculosis.—The admissions under this disease were 89 against 116 in the previous year. Four deaths occurred in the Government Wellesley Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Bellary, as against 7 in 1951 and they were debited to the jails concerned. Including the debits, the number of deaths in the jails was 13, as against 24 in the previous year. The details of the jails are :—

Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli	4
Do. Vellore	2
Do. Coimbatore	1
Do. Salem	1
Do. Visakhapatnam	1
Do. Cuddalore	1
Alipuram Jail, Bellary	2
The Penitentiary, Madras	1
	13

Pneumonia.—The number of admissions and the deaths during the year were 136 and 4, respectively, against 133 and 7 in the year 1951. Of the 4 deaths, two relate to the Central Jail, Coimbatore and one each to the Central Jail, Rajahmundry and the Central Jail, Vellore.

Anæmia and debility.—The number of admissions and deaths due to this disease was 273 and 16, respectively, against 319 and 10 in 1951. The Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli, recorded 3 deaths, Central Jail, Madurai and the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, two deaths each and the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, the Central Jail, Bellary, and the District Jail, Pudukkottai, one death each.

Ankylostomiasis.—There were 7 admissions and no death during the year while there were 16 admissions and one death in 1951. Of the 7 admissions three each relate to the Central Jail, Vellore and Central Jail, Coimbatore and one to the Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli.

Enteric fever.—There were eight admissions and one death during the year against one admission and one death in 1951.

Syphilis.—The number admitted was 153 against 206 in the previous year.

Cerebro-spinal meningitis.—There were neither admissions nor deaths on account of this disease.

55. *Number of deaths according to length of time passed in the jails.*—Of the 126 deaths in the Central, District and Special Sub-Jails, 87 died within six months after their admission and 39 after six months against 117 and 80 respectively in the previous year. Of the 87 deaths, 18 occurred in the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, 16 in the Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli, 14 in the Central Jail, Vellore, 9 in the Central Jail, Madurai, 8 in the Central Jail, Coimbatore, 6 in the Central Jail, Rajahmundry, 4 in the Central Jail, Cannanore, 3 each in the Penitentiary, Madras and the Central Jail, Bellary, two each in the Central Jail, Visakhapatnam and District Jail, Pudukkottai, and one each in the Central Jail Cuddalore, Royapuram Camp Jail, Kaggallu and Borstal School, Alipuram, Bellary.

56. *Prisoners' weighment—Statement 'B'.*—The number of prisoners released in the year 1952 was 73,497. Of this number 37,490 or 51·41 per cent gained weight, 4,202 or 5·72 per cent lost weight and 31,805 or 42·87 per cent remained stationary against 35,616 or 52·73 per cent, 2,990 or 4·34 per cent and 28,995 or 42·93 per cent, respectively, in the previous year.

57. *Water-supply.*—All the jails except those at Rajahmundry, Cannanore, Salem and Cuddalore are connected with the Municipal water-supply. Those jails obtain water-supply from the wells inside or outside the jail. All the wells are protected against accidents or contamination.

The King Institute, Guindy, analyses the water of all the jails periodically. Any defects brought to the notice are being attended to and immediately rectified. Drinking water is systematically chlorinated and field tests carried out to maintain efficient sterilization. The Tiruchirappalli Municipality was not in a position to supply the minimum requirements of the Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli, i.e., 15,000 gallons per day, as agreed, and to obviate this, the Railway authorities were moved for the supply of water from the Golden Rock reservoir, Tiruchirappalli, to the Central Jail, Tiruchirappalli. The proposal for obtaining water from the Golden Rock Reservoir, Tiruchirappalli, is being submitted to Government separately for necessary sanction.

58. *Grow More Food Campaign.*—In spite of the best efforts made to cultivate all the available lands in the jails to grow more food, the production of vegetables has gone down in almost all the jails except the Central Jails at Vellore and Madurai. This is due to the continued failure of the monsoon. The total quantity of vegetables raised in the jail gardens of some important jails is furnished below :—

Jails.	1951. LB.	1952. LB.
Central Jail, Vellore	337,357	368,694
Do. Rajahmundry	260,691	250,030
Do. Madurai	234,240	234,269
Do. Tiruchirappalli	400,719	308,702
Do. Coimbatore	227,781	219,389
Do. Salem	210,639	213,879

MISCELLANEOUS AND CONCLUDING REMARKS.

59. *Visits to jails.*—Three hundred and forty-three visits were paid by official and non-official visitors to the jails and Borstal schools, during the year against 421 in the previous year.

The Governor of Madras visited the jails at Cuddalore and Coimbatore. The Minister for Law visited the Central Jail, Bellary and the Royapuram Camp Jail, Kaggallu.

One thousand five hundred and fifty-five visits were paid by the religious and moral lecturers for imparting religious and moral instruction against 1,429 in 1951.

Dr. Edward Galway, United Nations Specialist in Criminology, visited the jails at Madras, Coimbatore, Madurai and Borstal School, Palayamkottai.

60. *Inspections.*—I inspected all the jails and paid additional visits as required by rules. The subsidiary jails at Sandur, Hospet, Sattenapalle, Kiranur, Tanjore, Wallajah, Hosur, Krishnagiri, Gudalur, Coonoor, Ootacamund, Perundurai, Villupuram, Bhimilipatnam, Vizianagaram, Bobbili, Parvathipuram, Palakonda, Srikakulam, Kovur, Vijayavada, Gannavaram, Kokkirakulam, Ambasamudram, Tenkasi, Poonamallee, Saidapet, Polur, Tiruvannamalai, Chengam, Kallakurichi, Maduranthakam, Nilakottai, Periyakulam, Kodaikanal, Mettupalayam and Bellary were also visited by me.

The number of inspections of subsidiary jails made by the District Magistrate, Additional District Magistrates and Subdivisional Magistrate was 595 and by the District Medical Officers, 70. The number of visits paid by other visitors are furnished below:—

The District and Sessions Judges	61
The Inspector-General of Police and Deputy Inspector-General of Police	11
The District and Municipal Health Officers ..	23

The total number of inspections and visits by official and non-official visitors were 2,038 against 1,792 in the previous year. The number of visits paid by the members of the Legislatures and special visitors to the jails in the State was 14.

61. *Records—Civil Stores and Service Registers.*—The rules relating to the maintenance of the service registers and leave accounts and the periodical destruction of records were complied with and inventories of stores in the various jails and in my office were written up to the end of the year.

62. *The important events and notable administrative measures undertaken during the year were as follows.*—(1) The revised classification of prisoners of Special Class, Classes I and II into A, B and C classes was ordered in G.O. Ms. No. 3217, Home, dated 4th September 1952.

(2) Dr. Edward Galway, United Nations Specialist in Criminology, visited the jails at Coimbatore, Madurai and the Borstal School, Palayamkottai and the Penitentiary Madras. (G.O. Ms. No. 3823, Home, dated 25th October 1952.)

(3) Exhibition of educational films to the prisoners of all Jails by the United States Information Service was permitted as a temporary measure. (G.O. Ms. No. 3654, Home, dated 11th October 1952.)

(4) The posts of Jailors in Central Jails and Deputy Superintendents in Borstal Schools were Gazetted. (G.O. No. 3939, Home, dated 31st October 1952.)

(5) The unconditional release of certain classes of prisoners in jails and sub-jails whose unexpired portion of sentence was one month or less on 15th October 1952 was ordered by Government. (G.O. Ms. No. 3586, Home, dated 7th October 1952.)

(6) The release of prisoners convicted of offences relating to matters in the Union List under the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution whose sentences did not exceed one month on 1st November 1952 was ordered. (G.O. Ms. No. 3861, Home, dated 28th October 1952.)

(7) The closure of the special sub-jail, Bandar Fort, was ordered in G.O. Ms. No. 3103, Home, dated 21st August 1952.

(8) The Royapuram Camp Jail, Kaggallu, was closed on 30th November 1952 on the completion of the excavation of canal work connected with the Tungabhadra Project Scheme in the Bellary District.

(9) Sri E. P. D. Thomas, B.A., Superintendent, Central Jail, Cuddalore, was deputed to undergo training in Criminology and Correctional Administration at the Tata Institute of Social Sciences, Bombay (deputed as per G.O. No. 3731, Home, dated 21st September 1951).

(10) Pre-discharge work has been introduced and started as an experimental measure in the Penitentiary, Madras, Central Jail, Bellary and Borstal School, Palayamkottai, from 1st July 1952 with the Probation Officers of those places working as Welfare Officers. A report on its working up to 31st December 1952 was submitted to Government in this office No. P. 136/52, dated 27th February 1953.

63. *Programme of work to be done—Schemes already sanctioned but pending execution.*—(1) Dismantling of hangar No. 9 at Chromepet and erection at the District Jail, Pudukkottai, at a cost of Rs. 15,500—was originally sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 3379, Home, dated 25th August 1951 and revised sanction accorded in G.O. Ms. No. 393, Home, dated 4th February 1953.

(2) Electrification of Borstal School, Palayamkottai. The work was sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 1895, P.W., dated 1st May 1952 and the same is under progress (Rs. 9,700).

(3) Electrification of the special sub-jail, Nellore, Rs. 6,450—Sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 3193, P.W., dated 25th July 1952. The work is progressing.

(4) Construction of a compound wall to the sub-jail at Tirumangalam, Madurai district, Rs. 4,200—Sanction was accorded in G.O. Ms. No. 4047, P. W., dated 3rd October 1952. The work will be executed during 1953–54 as ordered in Government Memo. No. 27009—Prisons II/53-1, Home, dated 25th February 1953.

(5) Improvements to six warders' huts in the District Jail, Pudukottai, Rs. 5,780—Sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 5011, P.W., dated 9th December 1952.

(6) Electrification of the sub-jail at Dharmapuri, Salem district. Rs. 500—Sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 4583 P. W., dated 11th November 1952.

(7) Construction of six thatched huts in the special sub-jail, Salem (males), for temporary warders, Rs. 300—Sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 550, Home, dated 17th February 1953.

(8) Construction of an additional service reservoir in the Central Jail, Vellore, Rs. 21,000—Revised sanction was accorded in G.O. Ms. No. 4536, P.W., dated 7th November 1952.

(9) Improvements to the compound wall in the sub-jail at Vedaranyam, Tanjore district, Rs. 5,780—Sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 2316, P.W., dated 28th May 1952.

(10) Provision of post lights on the way from warders' lines to jail in the special sub-jail (males), Salem, Rs. 1,700—Sanctioned in G.O. Ms. No. 2314, P.W., dated 28th May 1952.

(11) Provision of bore-wells with walled enclosures and separate privy in certain sub-jails in the districts of Ramanathapuram, North Arcot, Anantapur, Coimbatore, The Nilgiris, Chingleput and Madurai, Rs. 40,700—G.O. Ms. No. 4125 P.W., dated 9th October 1952.

(12) Purchase of a pump set for the Alipuram Jail, Bellary, at a cost of Rs. 7,175—G.O. Ms. No. 4571, Home, dated 19th December 1952.

(13) Provision of platforms for taking meals by the prisoners, in some Sub-jails in the districts of Chingleput, Chittoor and North Arcot, Rs. 2,000—G.O. Ms. No. 5332, P.W., dated 30th December 1952.

Jail Improvements.

(1) Upgrading of the special sub-jail, Nellore, into a district jail. The question is under the consideration of the Government.

(2) Improvements to warders' huts in the Central Jail, Rajahmundry. The matter is under the consideration of Government as Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

(3) Construction of main-gate, guard-room, etc., in the special sub-jail, Tiruchirappalli. The question is under the consideration of Government as a Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

(4) Proposals for the provision of bore-well and separate privy in certain sub-jails of some districts are under the consideration of Government as Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

(5) Proposals for raising the compound wall in the sub-jail at Kulittalai, Tiruchirappalli district, are under the consideration of Government.

(6) Extension to Boot-workshop in the Central Jail, Vellore. Proposals are under the consideration of Government.

(7) Construction of a compound wall around the new Out Quarantine in the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore. Proposals have already been submitted to Government and their orders are awaited.

(8) Provision of additional fans and lights in the Office of the Inspector-General of Prisons is under the consideration of Government.

(9) Putting up a cross wall in the sub-jail compound, construction of additional latrines in the sub-jail, Tuticorin, is under the consideration of Government as Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

(10) Construction of a compound wall around the latrine and provision of a tube-well in the sub-jail at Sattankulam, construction of a new compound wall in the Sub-jail at Ambasamudram and construction of an open dining platform in the sub-jail at Kokkirakulam, are pending with the Government as Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

(11) Provision of compound wall on the sides of sub-jail at Tranquebar, provision of a compound wall on the northern side of the sub-jail at Sirkali and construction of additional cells in the sub-jail at Tirutturaipundi are under the consideration of Government as Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

(12) Construction of a septic tank latrine in the sub-jail at Puttur is under the consideration of Government as Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

(13) Raising the compound wall in the sub-jail at Wallajah, construction of additional cell in the sub-jail at Gudiyatham, roofing the platform and construction of a ward in the sub-jail at Arkonam, construction of a new latrine in the sub-jail at Tiruppattur and raising the compound wall in the sub-jail at Gudiyatham are pending with the Government as Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

(14) Provision of walled enclosures in certain sub-jails of Coimbatore and Cuddapah districts is pending with the Government as Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

(15) Raising the compound wall of the sub-jail at Perambalur, Tiruchirappalli district, is under the consideration of Government as Part II Scheme for 1953–54.

New Schemes.

(1) Opening of a sub-jail at Karaikudi, Ramanathapuram district.

(2) Electrification of the Central Jail, Madurai.

(3) Electrification of the special sub-jail, Tiruchirappalli.

(4) Shifting of the Penitentiary, Madras, pending with Government.

(5) Provision of underground drainage in the Penitentiary, Madras, to prevent sullage water flushing into the Cooum River.

(6) Construction of a Creche in the Presidency Jail for Women, Vellore.

Scheme for promoting the welfare, Health, etc., of prisoners in jails.

The recommendations made by the Committee constituted in G.O. Ms. No. 3032, Home, dated 3rd July 1950, are under examination.

64. *Conduct of jail establishment.*—The strength of the permanent and temporary warder establishment was 1,057 and 265, respectively.

The total number of punishments was 882 against 776 in the previous year.

Details of the punishments awarded are furnished below:—

Warnings	236
Fines	222
Extra drill and extra duty and deprivation of off-duty	327
Other punishments	11
Discharges	22
Reduction from higher to lower rank	37
Deduction of pay	14
Suspension	9
Dismissal	4

The conduct of the warder establishment was satisfactory.

65. *Conduct of jail officers.*—There has been no direct recruitment to the post of the Superintendent of Jails during 1952. No jailor was promoted as Superintendent of Jails during the year 1952.

The departmental enquiry against the Store-keeper, Central Jail, Vellore, was disposed of during the year, the Store-keeper was made to retire compulsorily. The enquiry against the Superintendent, Central Jail, Vellore, was pending at the close of the year.

During the period under review, there have been no untoward incidents in the jails.

66. *Annual reports of Central, District and Special Jails.*—The annual reports furnished by the Superintendents of Central, District and Special Jails are furnished herewith for perusal and return.

S. A. IYENGAR,

Inspector-General of Prisons, Madras.

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APPENDIX.

Note.—Statements, V, VII, VIII, X, XII, XVI, XVII A and D to G have been omitted under orders of the Government.

GENERAL SUMMARY

Showing the distribution of the prisoners of all classes confined in the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(1) Serial number and classes of jails.	(2) Classes of prisoners.	(3) Remained at the commencement of the year. M.	F.	Total.	(4) Received during the year. M.	F.	Total.	(5) Total. M.	F.	Total.	(6) Discharged from all causes. M.	F.	Total.
Central Jails (13)	Convicts	14,053	66	14,119	79,437	1,792	81,229	93,490	1,858	95,348	76,868	1,762	78,630
	Undertrials	1,519	31	1,550	38,028	843	38,871	39,547	874	40,421	37,746	834	38,580
	Civil	44	..	44	466	..	466	510	..	510	448	..	448
	Security prisoners.	11	..	11	18	..	18	29	..	29	27	..	27
District and Special Jails (2).	Convicts	101	417	518	854	2,455	3,309	955	2,872	3,827	719	2,317	3,036
	Undertrials	48	..	48	695	..	695	743	..	743	694	..	694
	Civil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Security prisoners.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Borstal Schools (2).	Convicts	886	..	886	302	..	302	1,188	..	1,188	420	..	420
	Undertrials	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Civil	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Security prisoners.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total (17)	Convicts	15,040	483	15,523	80,593	4,247	84,840	95,633	4,730	100,363	78,007	4,079	82,086
	Undertrials	1,567	31	1,598	38,723	843	39,566	40,290	874	41,164	38,440	834	39,274
	Civil	44	..	44	466	..	466	510	..	510	448	..	448
	Security prisoners.	11	..	11	18	..	18	29	..	29	27	..	27
	Total	16,662	514	17,176	119,800	5,090	124,890	136,462	5,604	142,066	116,922	4,913	121,835
Subsidiary Jails	Convicts	2,378	318	2,696	89,695	4,928	94,623	92,073	5,246	97,319	86,631	4,575	91,206
	Undertrials	3,950	104	4,054	129,121	5,985	135,106	133,071	6,089	139,160	127,932	5,964	133,896
	Civil	2	..	2	..	..	..	2	..	2	2	..	2
	Security prisoners.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total	6,330	422	6,752	218,816	10,913	229,729	225,146	11,335	236,481	214,565	10,539	225,104
Grand total	Convicts	17,418	801	18,219	170,288	9,175	179,463	187,706	9,976	197,682	164,638	8,654	173,292
	Undertrials	5,517	135	5,652	167,844	6,828	174,672	173,361	6,963	180,324	166,372	6,798	173,170
	Civil	46	..	46	466	..	466	512	..	512	450	..	450
	Security prisoners.	11	..	11	18	..	18	29	..	29	27	..	27
	Total for 1952	22,992	936	23,928	338,616	16,003	354,619	361,608	16,939	378,547	331,487	15,452	346,939
	Total for 1951	25,158	784	25,942	303,855	10,852	314,707	329,013	11,636	340,649	306,021	10,700	316,721

(1)	(2)	(7) Remaining at the end of the year. M.	F.	Total.	(8) Daily average number of each class. M.	F.	Total.	(9) Total daily average of whole jail. M.	F.	Total.
Central Jails (13)	Convicts	16,622	96	16,718	14,224.24	62·20	14,286·44	15,888·16	95·46	15,983·62
	Undertrials	1,801	40	1,841	1,610·51	33·26	1,643·77			
	Civil	62	..	62	51·52	..	51·52			
	Security prisoners.	2	..	2	1·89	..	1·89			
District and Special Jails (2).	Convicts	236	555	791	131·11	430·31	561·42	176·84	430·31	607·15
	Undertrials	49	..	49	45·73	..	45·73			
	Civil	..	..	..	..	..	..			
	Security prisoners.	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Borstal Schools, (2).	Convicts	768	..	768	820·38	..	820·38	820·38	..	820·38
	Undertrials	..	..	..	..	..	..			
	Civil	..	..	..	..	..	..			
	Security prisoners.	..	..	..	..	..	..			
Total (17)	Convicts	17,626	651	18,277	15,175·73	492·51	15,668·24	16,885·38	525·77	17,411·15
	Undertrials	1,850	40	1,890	1,656·24	33·26	1,689·50			
	Civil	62	..	62	51·52	..	51·52			
	Security prisoners.	2	..	2	1·89	..	1·89			
	Total	19,540	691	20,231	16,885·38	525·77	17,411·15			
Subsidiary Jails	Convicts	5,442	671	6,113	1,781·91	108·43	1,890·34	7,769·22	243·69	8,012·91
	Undertrials	5,139	125	5,264	5,987·23	135·26	6,122·49			
	Civil	..	..	..	0·08	..	0·08			
	Security prisoners.	..	..	..	..	..	..			
	Total	10,581	796	11,377	7,769·22	243·69	8,012·91			
Grand total	Convicts	23,068	1,322	24,390	16,957·64	600·94	17,558·58	24,654·60	769·46	25,424·06
	Undertrials	6,989	165	7,154	7,643·47	168·52	7,811·99			
	Civil	62	..	62	51·60	..	51·60			
	Security prisoners.	2	..	2	1·89	..	1·89			
	Total for 1952	30,121	1,487	31,608	24,659·60	769·46	25,429·06			
	Total for 1951	22,992	936	23,928	25,451·70	736·32	26,188·02			

STATEMENT I.—JUDICIAL (for convicts only).

Statement showing the number and disposal of the convicts in the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(1)	(2) Remained at the close of the previous year.		(3) Imprisoned during the present year 1952.		(4) Total.		(5) Received by transfers. A. To undergo sentence. From jails in the State.		From subsidiary jails to District Jails in the State.		From jails outside the State.		B. In transit for transportation or to other jails. From jails in the State.		From jails outside the State.	
—	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Total for 1952.	17,418	801	123,690	7,024	141,108	7,825	7,743	151	720	..	65	..	38,070	2,000	..	..
Total for 1951.	17,071	526	102,852	5,286	119,923	5,812	9,958	202	586	..	91	5	30,988	1,283	..	..

	(6) Grand total.			(7) Transferred to other jails. A. To undergo sentence.		B. For transportation beyond seas, etc.		(8) Released during the year. A. On appeal.		B. On expiry of sentence.		C. Under remission rules.		D. By order of Government. (a) On account of sickness.		(b) On other grounds.	
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
otal or 1952.	187,706	9,976	197,682	58,901	2,284	..	..	5,094	286	77,233	5,226	17,221	539	12	..	5,831	295
Total for 1951.	161,546	7,302	168,848	50,432	1,636	..	..	5,307	192	63,582	3,721	18,978	672	13	..	5,324	254

	(9) Released on licence.		(10) Transferred to Mental Hospital and Headquarters Hospital.		(11) Escaped.		(12) Executed.		(13) Died.		(14) Remaining at the end of the present year.			(15) Daily average number.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Total for 1952.	45	..	179	24	10	..	27	..	85	..	23,068	1,322	24,390	16,957·64	600·94	17,558·58
Total for 1951.	25	.	281	14	13	..	31	..	142	12	17,418	801	18,219	17,041·74	543·61	17,585·35

STATEMENT II.—JUDICIAL (for convicts only).

Statement showing the religion, age, state of education and previous occupation of the convicts admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(Amended as per G.O. Ms. No. 2993, Home, dated 27 July 1951.)

	(2) Religion. A. Christians. a Europeans.		b Anglo-Indians.		c Indians.		B Muslims.		C Hindus and Sikhs.		D Budhists and Jains.		E All other classes.		(3) Age. A Under 16 years.		B 16 to 18 years.		C 19 to 21 years.		D 22 to 30 years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
State total for 1952.	..	..	6	..	9,156	615	10,497	450	97,710	5,692	9	..	6,312	267	163	9	4,697	293	12,920	727	48,945	2,460
State total for 1951.	..	..	26	..	4,952	327	8,793	163	86,882	4,627	6	..	2,193	169	146	5	3,227	213	9,742	572	38,036	1,574

	(3)—*cont.* Age—*cont.* E 31 to 40 years.		F 41 to 60 years.		G Above 60 years.		(4) Education. A Literate.		B Illiterate.		(5) Previous occupation. A Persons employed under Government or municipal or other local authorities. M.	F.			B Professional persons. M.	F.			C Persons in service or performing personal offices. M.	F.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	U.	W.		M.	U.	W.		M.	U.	W.
State total for 1952.	32,400	1,972	22,357	1,461	2,208	102	23,345	349	100,345	6,675	1,196	..	..	..	6,943	..	2	..	4,348	..	..	..
State total for 1951.	30,732	1,441	19,041	1,280	1,928	201	21,050	342	81,802	4,944	836	..	..	..	7,374	..	..	..	2,377	..	..	..

	(5)—*cont.* Previous occupation—*cont.* D Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals. M.	F.			E Persons engaged in commerce and trade. M.	F.			F Persons employed in mechanical arts, manufactures and engineering operations, etc. M.	F.			G Miscellaneous persons not classed otherwise. M.	F.			(6) Total. Males.	Females.	Total.
		M.	U.	W.		M	U	W		M	U	W		M	U	W			
State total for 1952.	38,123	479	85	206	5,987	126	9	71	2,922	..	..	..	64,171	4,777	760	509	123,690	7,024	130,714
tate total for 1951.	35, 778	..	..	..	6,838	..	..	..	3,045	..	..	..	46,604	..	..	..	102,852	5,286	108,138

STATEMENT III.—JUDICIAL (for convicts only).

Statement showing the convicts admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952 *and those remaining on the* 31*st December of that year, according to the nature and length of sentences.*

(1)	(2) Nature of imprisonment indicated by letters marking the four jail divisions.	(3) Numbers according to length of sentences. A Not exceeding one month. M.	A F.	B Above one month and not exceeding three months. M.	B F.	C Above three months and not exceeding six months. M.	C F.	D Above six months and not exceeding one year. M.	D F.	E Above one year and not exceeding two years. M.	E F.	F Above two years and not exceeding five years. M.	F F.
State total for 1952.	A. Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment.	22,994	1,990	5,059	558	592	68	250	13	20	2	2	..
	B. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.	28,958	1,722	48,280	2,419	11,041	207	3,455	17	1,634	11	814	11
	C. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	D. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total admissions ..	51,952	3,712	53,339	2,977	11,633	275	3,705	30	1,654	13	816	11
	Total remaining on the 31st December 1952.*	5,294	551	7,538	585	3,544	101	1,842	21	1,464	14	1,554	19
State total for 1951.	Total admissions for 1951	47,444	3,037	38,048	1,869	11,058	316	3,437	27	1,455	12	795	9
	Total remaining on the 31st December 1952.	1,697	332	5,062	282	3,260	106	1,989	13	1,700	7	1,647	14

(1)	(2) Nature of imprisonment indicated by letters marking the four jail divisions.	(3)—*cont.* Numbers according to length of sentences—*cont.* G Above five years and not exceeding ten years. M.	G F.	H Exceeding ten years. M.	H F.	I Sentenced to transportation beyond seas. *a* For life. M.	I *a* F.	I *b* For a term. M.	I *b* F.	J Sentenced to death. M.	J F.	(4) Total. M.	F.	Total.
State total for 1952.	A Prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	28,917	2,631	31,548
	B. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment.	186	..	..	..	274	5	..	..	131	1	94,773	4,393	99,166
	C. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	D. Prisoners sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total admissions ..	186	..	..	..	274	5	..	..	131	1	123,690	7,024	130,714
	Total remaining on the 31st December 1952.	399	4	29	..	1,331	27	7	..	66	..	23,068	1,322	24,390
State total for 1951	Total admissions for 1951 ..	167	1	1	..	311	11	..	..	136	4	102,852	5,286	108,138
	Total remaining on the 31st December 1951.	527	4	51	..	1,408	41	..	..	77	2	17,418	801	18,219

STATEMENT IV.—JUDICIAL (for convicts only).

Statement showing the convicts admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952 *who had been previously convicted.*

(Amended as per G.O. Ms. No. 2993, Home, dated 27th July 1951.)

(1) —	(2) Number admitted during the year. M.	F.	Total.	(3) A Number imprisoned for the first time in default of finding security under section 110, Criminal Procedure Code, and classified as habituals. M.	A F.	B Number imprisoned in default of finding security under section 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code or convicted under Chapters XII, XVI, XVII and XVIII of the Indian Penal Code with previous convictions under any of those chapters or under section 110 of the Criminal Procedure Code and classified as habituals. Once previously convicted. M.	F.	Twice previously convicted. M.	F.	More than twice previously convicted. M.	F.	C Total. M.	F.
State total for 1952	123,690	7,024	130,714	359	3	1,239	19	808	..	340	..	2,746	22
State total for 1951	102,882	5,286	108,138	386	14	3,356	15	1,981	..	723	..	6,446	29

—	(4) Ratio per cent of column (3) C to column (2) in whole number. M.	F.	Total.	(5) Females under item G—(Previous occupation) of Statement No. II—(For convicts only). Number of prostitutes admitted during the year.	Number previously convicted.	Total.	Habituals. Number in column (2) identified as "habituals" before conviction and classified as such by the convicting Courts. M.	F.	Number in column (2) classified as "habituals" by the District Magistrate or Magistrate specially empowered (not being the convicting Court). M.	F.	Number in column (2) classified as "habituals" by the Jail Superintendent. M.	F.
State total for 1952	2	..	2	29	..	29	2,746	22	..	..	..	..
State total for 1951	6	1	7	..	..	..	6,446	29	..	..	..	..

STATEMENT VI.—JUDICIAL (for convicts only).

Statement showing the offences committed by the convicts and the punishments inflicted on them in the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(1)	(2) Daily average population.	(3) Offences dealt with by Criminal Courts.	(4) Offences dealt with by Superintendents. a Relating to work. Dealt with by major punishments.	a Dealt with by minor punishments.	b Relating to prohibited articles. Dealt with by major punishments.	b Dealt with by minor punishments.	c Relating to assaults, mutiny and escapes. Dealt with by major punishments.	c Dealt with by minor punishments.	d All other breaches of Jail Rules. Dealt with by major punishments.	d Dealt with by minor punishments.	e Total. Dealt with by major punishments.	e Dealt with by minor punishments.	(5) By Criminal Courts.
State total for 1952	17,411·15	6	41	70	74	64	33	11	196	107	344	252	6
State total for 1951	17,585·35	12	93	61	44	39	10	24	215	169	362	293	12

	(6) Punishments inflicted by Superintendents. Minor. a Warnings.	b Penal diet, with or without cellular confinement not exceeding 48 hours.	c Separate and cellular confinement.	d Hand-cuffing and link-fetters.	e Other punishments.	f Total.	(7) Major. a Separate and cellular confinement.	b Penal diet with cellular confinement exceeding 48 hours.	c Fetters and hand-cuffing behind or to a staple.	d Corporal punishments.	e Combination of minor punishments.	f Other punishments.	g Total.	(8) Grand total of punishments.	(9) Ratio of column (7-f) to column (3).	(10) Ratio of column (8-g) to column (3).	(11) Ratio of column (9) to column (3).	(12) Ratio of column (8-d) to column (9).
State total for 1952	63	6	1	51	131	252	5	1	54	..	14	270	344	602	1·45	1·97	3·46	..
State total for 1951	74	1	19	62	137	293	4	..	30	..	3	325	362	667	1·67	2·06	3·79	..

STATEMENT IX.—FINANCIAL, 1952.

Statement showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952, excluding the cost of building new jails, of additions, alterations and repairs.

(1)	(2)	(3) Daily average number of prisoners. Convicts.	Undertrials.	Civil.	Security prisoners.	Civil lunatics.	Total.	(4) Establishment charges. A Permanent.	B Temporary.	C Total cost.	D Cost per head on average strength.
								RS.	RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.
Grand total for 1952 ..		17,558·58	7,811·99	51·60	1·89	..	25,424·06	14,83,238	3,71,849	18,55,087	72 15 6
Grand total for 1951 ..		17,585·35	8,386·06	71·83	144·78	..	26,188·02	14,36,625	3,64,152	18,00,777	68 12 3

	(5) Dietary charges. A Rations.	B Miscellaneous dietary charges.	C Garden and agricultural expenses.	D Proportion of daily expenses.	E Total cost.	F Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	(6) Hospital charges. A Sick diets and extras for patients.	B Extras or special diet for weak prisoners not in hospital.	C Medicines, hospital clothing, bedding, etc.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Grand total for 1952 ..	54,91,585	21,001	5,730	22,294	55,40,610	218 5 11	1,43,374	61,262	1,67,105
Grand total for 1951 ..	57,06,685	37,047	5,213	35,909	57,84,854	221 8 1	1,62,196	57,398	1,56,786

STATEMENT IX.—FINANCIAL, 1952—*cont.*

Statement showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952, excluding the cost of building new jails, of additions, alterations and repairs—cont.

	(6)—*cont.* Hospital charges—*cont.* D. Proportion of dairy expenses.	E. Total cost.	F. Cost per head of average strength.	G. Cost per head of average number sick.	(7) Clothing and bedding of prisoners. A. Total cost.	B. Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.	(8) Sanitation charges. A. Charges for conservancy, cleaning and purifying.	B. Charges for water-supply.	C. Extraordinary charges.	D. Total cost.	E. Cost per head of average strength.
	RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.
Grand total for 1952 ..	39,122	4,10,863	16 2 7	1,528 4 6	2,97,326	11 11 1	99,876	89,240	191	1,89,307	7 7 2
Grand total for 1951 ..	25,743	4,02,123	15 5 8	2,014 0 7	3,09,084	11 13 4	1,02,916	66,708	3,326	1,72,950	6 9 8

	(9) Charges for moving prisoners. A. Transfer charges and road subsistence of prisoners.	B. Transportation charges.	C. Total cost.	D. Cost per head of average strength.	(10) Charges for miscellaneous services and supplies. A. Lighting.	B. Disciplinary charges.	C. Annual expenses for uniform and accoutrements of warders.	D. Money payment as reward for recaptures and services.	E. Execution charges.	F. Other miscellaneous charges.	G. Total cost.	H. Cost per head of average strength.
	RS.		RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.
Grand total for 1952 ..	2,33,062	..	2,33,062	9 2 8	58,879	3,965	47,076	4,659	66	1,59,623	2,74,268	10 12 7
Grand total for 1951 ..	1,98,838	..	1,98,838	7 9 6	58,273	3,080	37,570	5,861	157	1,66,108	2,71,049	10 5 7

	(11) Travelling allowances. A. Total cost.	B. Cost per head of average strength.	(12) Contingencies. A. Rents, rates and taxes.	B. Telephone charges.	C. Service postage and telegrams.	D. Current office expenses.	E. Office furniture.	F. Charges for registers and stationery.	G. Total cost.	H. Cost per head of average strength.	(13) Extraordinary charges for livestock, tools and plant likely to last for three years and upwards. A. Conservancy and water-supply dead-stock.	B. Dietary dead-stock.
	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS.
Grand total for 1952 ..	27,691	1 1 8	83,280	10,232	30,467	46,205	1,079	3,241	1,74,504	6 13 10	6,374	8,049
Grand total for 1951 ..	32,395	1 3 10	99,417	7,458	27,834	40,349	873	4,087	1,80,018	6 14 0	6,983	11,038

	(13)—*cont.* Extraordinary charges for livestock, tools and plant likely to last for three years and upwards—*cont.* C. ...-stock.	D. Garden and agricultural dead-stock.	E. Lighting dead-stock.	F. Disciplinary dead-stock.	G. Arms and accoutrements (original cost).	H. Dairy livestock and plant (excluding maintenance).	I. Draught cattle (excluding keep which goes under 10 F).	J. Other miscellaneous dead-stock.	K. Total cost.	L. Cost per head of average strength.	(14) Grand total of expenditure. A. Grand total of expenditure.	B. Total cost per head of average strength.
		RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS. A. P.	RS.	RS. A. P.
	...068	9,425	2,128	9,707	163	228	2,075	24,614	66,831	2 10 1	90,69,551	356 11 8
	...37	580	953	3,586	1,792	1,161	2,410	28,100	57,390	2 3 1	92,09,478	351 10 8

	Inspector-General of Prisons.	Establishment charges.	Travelling allowance.	Contingencies.	Total.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Grand total for 1952 ..	25,300	(*a*) 71,716	9,519	(*c*) 31,829	1,38,364
Grand total for 1951 ..	30,664	(*b*) 77,504	9,452	(*d*) 31,238	1,48,858

(*a*) Includes pay of Assistant Inspector-General of Prisons, Rs. 10,200.
(*b*) Do. do. do. Rs. 13,490.
(*c*) Includes Stationery department charges, Rs. 1,567.
(*d*) Do. do. Rs. 1,121.

NOTES.—(1) In arriving at the figures for columns (5) D and (6) D, the expenses including those shown in column (13) H are divided between the dietary and hospital charges in the proportion in which the produce of the dairy was used for the general dieting of the prisoners or for the sick and infirm.

(2) The cost of jail garden produce issued to the prisoners is not taken into account in estimating the average cost of maintenance per prisoner, *vide* G.O. No. 3711, Law (General), dated 1 October 1931.

STATEMENT XI.—FINANCIAL.

Statement showing the employment of convicts in the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(1)	(2) Average number not sentenced to labour.	(3) Average number under sentence of labour on working days.	(4) Average number sick.	(5) Average number convalescent and infirm.	(6) Average number not employed for other reasons.	(7) Average number employed on working days. On prison duties. A On unremunerative labour.	B Prison officers.	C Prison servants.	D Gardening and farm work.	E Employed in preparing articles for use or consumption in jails, e.g., wheat grinding, etc.	F Jail repairs.	G Sanitation.
State total for 1952	389·30	14,997·57	206·83	843·65	2,221·32	5·63	899·80	1,274·85	1,151·45	974·48	283·94	774·06
State total for 1951	458·95	16,787·56	199·66	863·77	2,421·77	25·79	891·90	1,274·61	1,611·25	1,362·01	366·88	1,140·01

	(7)—cont. Average number employed on working days—cont. H On jail buildings. Additions and alterations. Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	New jails. Under Superintendent.	Under Public Works Department.	I Manufactures. Full tasks.	Learners.	Total.	(8) J Public Works.	Other extramural labour.	(9) Number hired out to municipalities or other private individuals.	(10) Percentage of number in column (3). Prison duties.	Manufactures and other remunerative labour.	Unremunerative labour.	Percentage of number in column (3) not employed.
State total for 1952	17·72	6·02	..	..	..	..	5,863·00	433·91	17·39	23·52	35·76	42·26	0·16	21·82
State total for 1951	..	..	..	0·45	..	..	5,885·80	694·12	9·97	39·57	39·74	39·43	0.06	20·76

STATEMENT XII-A.—FINANCIAL.

Statement showing the result of employment of convicts in the jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(1) Serial number.	(2) Jails.	(3) Average number sentenced to labour.	(4) (Debits). A Cash in hand at the end of 1951. RS. A.	B Manufactured articles at the end of 1952. RS. A.	C Raw materials at the end of 1951. RS. A.	D Amount of outstandings due by the jail at the end of 1951. RS. A.	E Amount of outstandings due to the jail at the end of 1951. RS. A.	F Plant and machinery at the end of 1951. RS. A.	G Amount drawn from the treasury during 1951. RS. A.	H Total of columns A, B, C, E, F and G (—) D. RS. A.
	State total for 1952 ..	14,997·57	414 11	9,32,249 3	8,88,793 13	1,20,220 14	7,21,827 13	2,09,710 11	24,95,094 15	51,27,870 4
	State total for 1951 ..	16,787·56	399 0	7,43,046 15	7,94,718 15	3,81,560 14	7,87,146 8	2,27,366 8	19,66,139 4	41,37,256 4

	(5) (Credits). A Cash in hand at the end of 1952. RS. A.	B Manufactured articles at the end of 1951. RS. A.	C Raw materials at the end of 1952. RS. A.	D Amount of outstandings due by the jail at the end of the 1952. RS. A.	E Amount of outstandings due to the jail at the end of 1952. RS. A.	F Plant and machinery at the end of 1952. RS. A.	G Amount paid into the treasury by cash or invoice during 1952. RS. A.	H Value of prison labour costing over Rs. 500. RS. A.	I Total of columns A, B, C, E, F G and H (—) D. RS. A.
State total for 1952 ..	203 15	9,29,280 14	10,11,754 9	2,49,498 9	10,23,666 5	2,25,527 5	29,18,448 12	59,073 12	59,18,456 15
State total for 1951 ..	414 11	9,32,249 3	8,88,793 13	1,20,220 14	7,21,827 13	2,09,710 11	28,73,481 4	59,024 6	50,65,280 15

	(6) A Net profit (difference between the total of debits and credits). RS. A. P.	B Average net profit per head of number sentenced to labour. RS. A. P.	C Excess debit or loss. RS. A. P.	(7) A Earnings [only earnings by sale of manufactured articles and by services falling under the heads (a) in cash, (b) on credit, (c) on invoice, by book adjustment and (d) on cost of extramural labour supplied to Government departments as well as to public bodies and private individuals]. RS. A. P.	B Average earnings per head of number sentenced to labour. RS. A. P.	C Loss
State total for 1952 ..	7,90,586 11 0	52 11 5	..	29,80,451 3 0	198 11 8	..
State total for 1951 ..	9,28,024 11 0	55 4 6	..	24,35,476 12 0	145 1 3	..

NOTE.—The figures in columns (4) B, C and F and (5) B, C and F show the value of stock and machinery after the necessary deductions have been made and those in columns (4) E and (5) E, the amounts of bills receivable deducting the bad debts written off.

(a) Includes Rs. 59,073–12–0 on account of convict labour supplied to the Government Press, Madras, and Rs. 1,645–9–0 on account of convict labour supplied to the Quinine Section of the Central Jail, Coimbatore.

(b) Includes Rs. 59,024–6–0 on account of convict labour supplied to the Government Press, Madras, and Rs. 1,266–6–0 on account of convict labour supplied to the Quinine Section of the Central Jail, Coimbatore.

STATEMENT XII-B.—FINANCIAL.

Comparative statement of manufactures of the jails in the Madras State during the year 1952.

Serial number.	Jails.	Total value of articles manufactured during the year. 1951.	1952.	Percentage of labouring convicts employed on manufactures (last column of general Statement XI). 1951.	1952.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
		RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.		
	State total	27,80,898 5 4	31,53,813 8 2	39	42

STATEMENT XIII.—FINANCIAL.

Statement showing the net cost of the prisoners in jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

Serial number and jails.	Total cost of maintenance [col. (14) of Statement IX].	Average cost of maintenance per head [col. (14) of Statement IX].	Total "net profits" [col. 6 (a) of Statement XII-A].	Average "net profit" per head of average strength.	Net cost to Government [col. (2) minus col. (4)].	Average ne cost per head of average strength [col. (3) minus col. (5)].
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
	RS.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
State total for 1952	90,69,551	356 12	7,90,586 11	31 2	82,78,964 5	325 10
State total for 1951	92,09,478	351 11	9,28,024 11	35 7	82,81,453 5	316 4

STATEMENT XIV.—VITAL.

Statement showing the sickness and mortality among prisoners of all classes in the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(1)	(2)			(3)			(4)			(5)			(6)		
Classes of prisoners.	Number of persons that can be accommodated in the parts of the jails devoted to convicts, undertrial and civil prisoners, respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into hospital.			Daily average number of sick.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Convicts ..	..	..	..	16,957·64	600·94	17,558·58	..	..	..	6,667	82	6,749	209·87	3·32	213·19
Undertrials ..	..	..	..	7,643·47	168·52	7,811·99	..	..	..	2,290	60	2,350	54·45	0·94	55·39
Civil ..	..	..	..	51·60	..	51·60	..	..	..	21	..	21	0·26	..	0·26
Security Prisoners	..	..	..	1·89	..	1·89	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Civil lunatics ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
State total for 1952 ..	21,212	1,595	22,807	24,654·60	769·46	25,424·06	..	..	..	8,978	142	9,120	264·58	4·26	268·84
State total for 1951 ..	22,327	1,665	23,992	25,451·70	736·32	26,188·02	..	..	..	12,609	189	12,798	304·97	2·31	307·28

	(7)			(8) Ratio per mille of average strength.											
—	Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			A Of admissions into hospital.			B Of daily average number of sick.			C Of deaths from all causes except cholera.			D Of deaths from all causes both in and out of hospital.		
	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
Convicts ..	128	..	128	393·16	136·48	384·37	12·38	5·52	12·14	7·43	..	7·18	7·55	..	7·29
Undertrials ..	40	..	40	299·60	356·04	300·82	7·12	5·58	7·09	5·23	..	5·12	5·23	..	5·12
Civil	..	..	..	406·98	..	406·98	5·04	..	5·04	..	..	..	..	..	..
Security Prisoners	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Civil lunatics ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
State total for 1952 ..	168	..	168	364·15	184·55	358·71	10·73	5·54	10·57	6·73	..	6·53	6·81	..	6.61
State total for 1951 ..	220	12	232	495·41	256·68	488·69	11·98	3·14	11·78	8·64	16·29	8·86	8·64	16·29	8·86

STATEMENT XV.—VITAL.

Statement showing the admissions and deaths from the chief diseases among the convicts in the jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(1)	(2) A Cholera. A.	A Cholera. D.	B Dysentery. A.	B Dysentery. D.	C Malarial fevers. A.	C Malarial fevers. D.	D Pulmonary tuberculosis and hæmoptysis due to tuberculosis. A.	D.	E Other tubercular diseases. A.	D.	F Anæmia and debility. A.	D.	G Other general diseases. A.	D.	H Pneumonia. A.	D.	I Other respiratory diseases. A.	D.
—																		
State total for 1952.	3	2	401	2	406	4	89	13	17	..	273	10	3,965	78	136	4	306	9
State total for 1951.	..	..	598	3	680	3	97	24	19	..	319	10	5,085	119	133	7	384	7

	(2)—*cont.* J Diarrhœa. A.	J Diarrhœa. D.	K Abscess, boils and ulcers of all kinds. A.	K D.	(3) Ratio of admissions and of deaths per mille of average strength from Cholera. A.	Cholera. D.	Dysentery. A.	Dysentery. D.	Malarial fevers. A.	Malarial fevers. D.	Pneumonia. A.	Pneumonia. D.	Diarrhœa. A.	Diarrhœa. D.	All causes. A.	All causes. D.	(4) Number of deaths according to length of time passed in the jail. Within six months.	More than six months.
State total for 1952.	392	4	247	..	0·10	0·12	25·72	0·12	25·91	0·26	8·69	0·26	25·02	0·26	397·94	8·04	87	39
State total for 1951.	720	24	350	..	..	..	37·47	0·19	42·61	0·19	8·33	0·44	45·11	1·50	531·52	12·41	117	80

STATEMENT XVIII.

Statement showing the particulars regarding prisoners under trial in the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(1)	(2) Number remaining at the close of the previous year. M.	F.	(3) Number received. M.	F.	(4) Total population. M.	F.	Total.	(5) Daily average number. M.	F.	Total.	(6) Released. M.	F.	Total.
—													
State total for 1952	5,517	135	167,844	6,828	173,361	6,963	180,324	7,643·47	168·52	7,811·99	89,719	4,891	94,610
State total for 1951	7,731	254	158,532	4,076	166,263	4,330	170,593	8,194·01	192·05	8,386·06	81,233	1,896	83,129

	(7) Convicted and sentenced. M.	F.	Total.	(8) Transferred, etc. M.	F.	Total.	(9) Escaped. M.	F.	Total.	(10) Died. M.	F.	Total.	(11) Remaining on 31st December 1952. M.	F.	Total.
State total for 1952	30,369	1,454	31,823	46,061	605	46,666	33	..	33	38	..	38	6,989	165	7,154
State total for 1951	40,713	1,202	41,915	38,749	1,097	39,846	23	..	23	28	..	28	5,517	135	5,652

STATEMENT B.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Statement showing the condition of the prisoners released from the jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

Year. (1)	Number released during the year. (2)	Number who had neither gained nor lost weight. (3)	Number who had gained weight. Up to 1 lb. (4)	From 1 to 5 lb. (5)	From 5 to 10 lb. (6)	Over 10 lb. (7)	Total. (8)	Number who had lost weight. Up to 1 lb. (9)	From 1 to 5 lb. (10)	From 5 to 10 lb. (11)	Over 10 lb. (12)	Total. (13)
State total for 1952	73,497	31,805	15,935	15,783	4,374	1,398	37,490	1,997	1,499	516	190	4,202
State total for 1951	67,541	28,995	14,690	14,292	5,194	1,440	35,616	1,314	1,044	429	143	2,930

STATEMENT C.—MISCELLANEOUS.

Statement showing the working of the remission system in the jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

—	Number released during the year who came under the remission system but failed to gain remission.	Number of convicts released during the year who gained remission. Sentenced to — Not exceeding one year.	Over one but not exceeding two years.	Over two but not exceeding five years.	Over five years.	Maximum remission in days gained by any convict released during the year. Sentenced to — Not exceeding one year.	Over one but not exceeding two years.	Over two but not exceeding five years.	Over five years.	Average remission gained by the convicts entered in columns (3) to (6). Sentenced to — Not exceeding one year.	Over one but not exceeding two years.	Over two but not exceeding five years.	Over five years.	Maximum gratuity earned by any convict released during the year.	Average gratuity earned by the convicts entered in columns (3) to (6).
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
														RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
State total for 1952	2	16,621	752	262	125	80	241	650	3,445	15	85	260	1,275	34 3 0	0 2 2
State total for 1951	7	18,215	939	355	141	79	274	697	5,288	21	110	244	1,178	30 6 0	0 1 11

STATEMENT H.

Statement showing the number of prisoners sentenced to simple imprisonment in default of payment of fine or failure to furnish security and admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

(G.O. No. 5654, Home, dated 28th October 1939.)

Numbers according to length of sentence.

—	A Not exceeding one month.		B Above one month and not exceeding three months.		C Above three months and not exceeding six months.		D Above six months and not exceeding one year.		E Above one year and not exceeding two years.		F Above two years and not exceeding five years.		G Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		H Exceeding ten years.		Total.		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
State total for 1952 ..	7,383	716	1,287	89	465	50	249	8	22	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	9,408	863	10,271
State total for 1951 ..	10,550	385	1,672	169	432	35	138	4	11	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	12,803	593	13,396

TAMIL NADU ARCHIVES MADRAS 30155

APPENDIX TO STATEMENT II (for convicts only).

Statement showing the age of children, juveniles and adolescents admitted into the jails and subsidiary jails of the Madras State during the year 1952.

—	Children under 14 years.		14 to 15 years.		16 to 20 years.		Adolescents from 21 to 23 years.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
State total for 1952	50	5	113	6	6,193	422	11,070	488
State total for 1951	28	..	80	1	6,606	355	8,795	294

MISCELLANEOUS

HOME DEPARTMENT

G.O. No. 2240, 11th July 1953

Jails—Administration Report for 1952—Recorded.

READ—the following paper:—

From the Inspector-General of Prisons, dated 1st April 1953 and 15th May 1953, No. Pdl. S.I/37/53.

Order—No. 2240, Home, dated 11th July 1953.

Recorded.

(By order of the Governor)

J. SUBBUSWAMY,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

To the Inspector-General of Prisons, Madras (with enclosures).
" Public Works (Information and Publicity) Department (with enclosures).
" State Administration Report Officer (with enclosures).

LIST OF AGENTS FOR THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

IN CITY.

Account Test Institute, Egmore, Madras.
City Book Company, Post Box No. 605, Madras-4.
Higginbothams, Madras.
P. Varadachari & Co., Madras.
The South India Saiva Siddhantha Works Publishing Society, Limited, Madras.
Venkatarama & Co., Madras.
V. Perumal Chetti & Sons, Madras.
V. Ramasamy Sastrulu & Sons, Madras.
Ottrumai Office, Madras-17.
M. Doraisawmy Mudaliar & Co., Madras.
Free India Co-operators' Agency, Madras-4.
South India Traders, Royapetta, Madras.

IN MUFASSAL.

M. C. Krishniah Chetty, Madanapalle, Chittoor district.
The Educational Supplies Company, R.S. Puram, Coimbatore district.
D. Sreekrishnamurthy, Ongole, Guntur district.
M. Seshachalam & Co., Masulipatnam, Krishna district.
Triveni Publishers, Masulipatnam, Krishna district.
Hindustan Diary Publishers, Vijayavada, Krishna district.
The Commercial Links, Governorpet, Vijayavada, Krishna district.
The Manager, Gramodharana, Buckinghampet, Vijayavada, Krishna district.
E. M. Gopalakrishna Kone, Madurai, Madurai district.
K. P. Ahmed Kunhi & Bros., Cannanore, Malabar district.
Kerala Polytechnic Co-operative Society, Ltd., Kozhikode-5 (South Malabar).
P. K. Brothers, Kozhikode (South Malabar).
V. D. Moorthy, Nellore, Nellore district.
A. Venkatasubban, Vellore, North Arcot district.
Times Modern Mart, Salem, Salem district.
K. Bhoja Rao & Co., Mangalore, South Kanara district.
U. R. Shenoy & Sons, Mangalore, South Kanara district.
Srinivas & Co., Kumbakonam, Tanjore district.
P. N. Swaminatha Sivan & Co., Pudukkottai, Tiruchirappalli district.
S. Krishnaswami & Co., Tiruchirappalli, Tiruchirappalli district.
Palaniappa Brothers, Teppakulam, Tiruchirappalli, Tiruchirappalli district.
V. S. Vasan & Co., Tirunelveli, Tirunelveli district.
S. R. Subramania Pillai, Tirunelveli, Tirunelveli district.
Arivu Noolagam, Market Street, Ootacamund.

IN OTHER STATES.

Bhanwarilal Jain, Motikatra, Agra.
Sree Abhirava Vaidya Sharada Book Depot, Bangalore-2.
The Bangalore Book Centre, Bangalore-2.
The Standard Book Depot, Bangalore-2.
Hari Govind Book Stall, Baroda.
New Book Company, Bombay.
The Popular Book Depot, Lamington Road, Bombay-7.
The Book Company, Calcutta.
Thacker Spink & Co., Calcutta.
Bharat Stores, Ernakulam.
Charotar Book Stall, Anand (Gujerat).
Osmania University Students' Co-operative Book Depot, Lallaguda P.O., Hyderabad (Deccan).
S. M. Jaganathan, Nagercoil.
S. V. Kamat, Kumta (North Kanara).
Jain Book Agency, New Delhi.
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